# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



### **Economy Adhesive**

Continue 4 Jalaur 11 ft	
Section 1. Identifi	
GHS product identifier	: Economy Adhesive
Product code	: 3505
Other means of identification	: adhesive Aerosol.
Product type	: Aerosol.
Relevant identified uses of t	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: Techspray 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152 Tel:678-819-1408 Toll free: 800-858-4043 Fax: 806-372-8750
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 CANUTEC (Canadian Transportation): (613) 996-6666 Emergency phone: (800) 858-4043 24/7
Section 2. Hazard	Is identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<b>Classification of the</b>	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1
substance or mixture	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 83.5%
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> </ul>
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

1/11

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: adhesive Aerosol.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary	first aid measures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important sy	mptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute he	ealth effects
Eye contact	: May cause eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May be irritating to eyes, skin and respiratory system.
Skin contact	: May cause skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.
<u>Over-exposure si</u>	gns/symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion Seek medical attention.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/5/2019	Date of previous issue	: 8/5/2019	Version : 2	2/11
--------------------------------	------------	------------------------	------------	-------------	------

## Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up				

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and<br/>explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively,<br/>or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste<br/>disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Date of issue/Date of revision

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible,
	absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a
	licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the
	same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact
	information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	L	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u>						
Occupational exposure limit	t <u>s</u>					
None.						
Appropriate engineering controls	or mist, use to keep wor limits. The	th adequate ventilation. If process enclosures, loca ker exposure to airborne o engineering controls also ower explosive limits. Use	l exhaust ventilatio contaminants below need to keep gas,	n or other engir v any recomme vapor or dust c	neering contronded or statu oncentrations	ols utory
Environmental exposure controls	they comply cases, fume	rom ventilation or work proving with the requirements of escrubbers, filters or enginessary to reduce emissions	environmental prot neering modificatio	ection legislations to the proce	on. In some	
Individual protection measure	<u>es</u>					
Hygiene measures	eating, smo Appropriate Wash conta	s, forearms and face thoro king and using the lavator techniques should be use minated clothing before re close to the workstation	y and at the end of ed to remove poten eusing. Ensure the	the working pe	riod. ated clothing.	
Eye/face protection	assessmen gases or du	vear complying with an applying with an applying with an applying to indicates this is necessangers. If contact is possible, nent indicates a higher de	ry to avoid exposur the following prote	e to liquid splas	shes, mists, e worn, unles	S
Skin protection						
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/5/2019	Date of previous issue	: 8/5/2019	Version	:2	4/11

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be	<b>۱</b>
worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	s
: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	g
: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	а
: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.	
	<ul> <li>necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.</li> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.</li> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important</li> </ul>

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Color	:	Amber.
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	:	Spray
Heat of combustion	:	8.052 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion Not available.

#### - -----

Sensitization Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

#### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	:	May cause eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	May be irritating to eyes, skin and respiratory system.
Skin contact	1	May cause skin irritation.
Ingestion	1	Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/5/2019	Date of previous issue	: 8/5/2019	Version : 2	6/11

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion Seek medical attention.

Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/5/2019

Date of previous issue

Ve

## Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	-	-	-	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Consumer commodity ORM-D	Consumer commodity ORM-D	Consumer commodity ORM-D	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	ORM-D	ORM-D	ORM-D	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 13-2.17 (Class 2).	-	Tunnel code (D)	-	-

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

: Not available. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined			
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.			
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: propane			
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed			
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed			
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed			
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed			
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed			
<u>SARA 302/304</u>				
Composition/information	on ingredients			
No products were found.				
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.			
SARA 311/312				
Classification	: Fire hazard			
	Sudden release of pressure			
Composition/information	on ingredients			
No products were found.				
State regulations				
Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: PROPANE			
New York	: None of the components are listed.			
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: PROPANE			
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: PROPANE			
International regulations				
	ion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals			
Not listed.				
Montreal Protocol (Annexes Not listed.	<u>s A, B, C, E)</u>			
Stockholm Convention on Not listed.	Persistent Organic Pollutants			
Rotterdam Convention on I	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)			
Not listed.				
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on Not listed.	POPs and Heavy Metals			
International lists				
National inventory				
Australia	: Not determined.			
Canada	: Not determined.			
China	: Not determined.			
Europe	: Not determined.			

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	On basis of test data On basis of test data

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 8/5/2019
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/5/2019
Date of previous issue	: 8/5/2019
Version	: 2

## Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973
	as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.